



**Sociomateriality in the age of emerging
information technologies: How big data
analytics, blockchain and artificial intelligence
affect organisations**

By

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A thesis for the degree of

Doctor of Philosophy in Management

Course code: 21982

Submitted to the

University of Technology Sydney Business School

Management Discipline Group

5 February 2019

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I, Mark van Rijmenam, declare that this thesis, is submitted in fulfilment of the requirements for the award of the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy in the field of Management at the Faculty of Business at the University of Technology Sydney. This thesis is wholly my own work unless otherwise reference or acknowledged. In addition, I certify that all information sources and literature used are indicated in the thesis.

This document has not been submitted for qualifications at any other academic institution.

This research is supported by the Australian Government Research Training Program.

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Acknowledgments

Undertaking a PhD is a journey and for me it was journey in more ways than one. First of all, it was a physical journey as I moved to Sydney, Australia to do my PhD. Moving to Australia was a long-life dream for me and I wish to thank my parents, my sister and my friends for fully supporting me in this journey to the other side of the world, despite how difficult it might have been for them. Secondly, it is also an intellectual journey, where you are being challenged and stretched intellectually. I want to thank Jochen Schweitzer, my principal supervisor, for doing exactly that: challenging me, offering me direct and critical feedback on the work I created, but also supporting me in the intellectual journey that I gave myself. Thanks to your valuable and tireless input, I have been able to write this thesis in the way I did. Without your input, that would not have been possible. I would also like to thank my other supervisors, Mary-Anne Williams and Danielle Logue for your input and feedback on the work and papers I wrote. Your feedback helped me improve my work and see things differently when needed.

I would also like to thank my girlfriend, Louise. I am so glad that I met you during my journey as you added a great new chapter to it. Thank you for your support and listening to me when I was frustrated in my work and celebrating with me when things worked as planned. I love you and I am looking forward to continuing our journey together.

Thank you also to all other professors and staff at UTS and the Business School who have helped me in my journey by providing feedback for the work created, by offering great classes that helped me better understand the academic world and for having a nice chat once in a while. Thank you Stewart Clegg, Emmanuel Josserand ,

Bron Harrison, Moira Scerri, Deborah Edwards, Natalia Nikolova, Christos Pitelis, Marco Berti, Hussain Rammal, Kirsty Kitto and Theresa Anderson. Thank you also to Cam Bellach, fellow PhD candidate, for inviting me to be part of your research into the experiences of international students. All the interviews that you conducted also helped me in gaining a better understanding in what I was trying to achieve, and they helped me a lot.

In addition, I would like to thank Stewart Clegg and Jochen Schweitzer for giving me the opportunity to co-author with them a chapter for the Cambridge Handbook of Open Strategy and I would like to thank Danielle Logue for co-authoring with me an essay on sociomateriality in times of artificial intelligence, which we will submit to the Journal of Management Inquiry.

Next, I would like to thank the Blockchain Research Institute in Toronto, for giving me the opportunity to write a white paper on the convergence of big data analytics and blockchain, which was published in 2017. Writing this paper gave me a better understanding of how blockchain changes organisations, which contributed positively to my second study.

Thank you also to the other fellow PhD Candidates at the Management Discipline Group, Patrick Shearman, Loïc Pedras, Veronica Lo Presti and Sumati Ahuja. I very much enjoyed our conversations and the beers we drank during the journey that we shared.

Thank you also for the editorial services of *Capstone Editing*, your edits have helped to improve my writing and make my work easier to read and understand.

Thank you Philippa Ryan for sharing another great journey with me during my PhD Candidature. Writing the book *Blockchain: Transforming Your Business and Our World*. together, which has been published in English with Routledge and in Chinese

with Cheers Publishing, was a fantastic experience and your input, thoughts and the many great coffees and lunches we shared are a great memory, which also helped me with my dissertation.

Finally, I wish to thank the University of Technology Sydney for offering me two scholarships: the UTS International Research Scholarship and the UTS President's Scholarship. Without these scholarships, I would not have been able to pursue my PhD and finish this exciting journey.

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Mark van Rijmenam, Sydney, February 2019

Thesis format

This thesis is a thesis by publication. That means that this thesis consists of three papers that are published/publishable, which are linked together using the introduction, literature review and discussion. It is structured as a single manuscript and the introduction, literature, the three papers, the discussion and the conclusion are separate chapters. The literature review as well as the three papers are distinct, but they are linked in a logical and coherent way.

Papers included & statement of contribution

The following papers are included in this thesis:

| | Title | Lead author | Co-author 1 | Co-author 2 | Co-author 3 |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| Paper 1 | Avoid being the turkey: How Big Data analytics changes the game of strategy in times of ambiguity and uncertainty – published in Long Range Planning | Mark van Rijmenam | Tatiana Erekhinskaya, Lymba Corporation, United States – assisting with the data analysis using machine learning and NLP. Contribution approximately 20% | Assoc. Prof. Jochen Schweitzer, University of Technology Sydney, Australia – Primary PhD supervisor providing feedback | Prof. Mary-Anne Williams, University of Technology Sydney, Australia – PhD Co-supervisor providing feedback |
| Paper 2 | A Distributed Future: How Blockchain Changes Organisation Design – under review with Group & Organization Management | Mark van Rijmenam | Assoc. Prof. Jochen Schweitzer, University of Technology Sydney, Australia – Primary PhD supervisor providing feedback | Prof. Mary-Anne Williams, University of Technology Sydney, Australia – PhD Co-supervisor providing feedback | |
| Paper 3 | How to build responsible AI? Lessons for governance from a conversation with Tay – Under review with California Management Review | Mark van Rijmenam | Assoc. Prof. Jochen Schweitzer, University of Technology Sydney, Australia – Primary PhD supervisor providing feedback | Prof. Mary-Anne Williams, University of Technology Sydney, Australia – PhD Co-supervisor providing feedback | |
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Abstract

Emerging information technologies (EIT), such as big data analytics, blockchain and artificial intelligence (AI), challenge organisation design and strategic management, and bring the role of data in organising to the fore. Big data analytics empower consumers and employees, resulting in open strategy and a better understanding of the changing environment. Blockchain enables peer-to-peer collaboration and trustless interactions. And, AI facilitates new and different levels of involvement among human and artificial actors. From these interactions and responses, new modes of organising are emerging, where technology facilitates collaboration between stakeholders and where human-to-human interactions are increasingly replaced with human-to-machine and even machine-to-machine interactions. In this doctoral research, I use the theory of sociomateriality to untangle the social and material when dealing with EIT within organisations. I endeavour to explore these theoretical issues and present a new understanding of the relationships between the social, material and artificial.

Addressing this context, my research consists of three studies. Each study is arranged as a standalone paper. In the first study, I investigate how big data analytics affect can be used to better understand the changing organisational environment. The second study looks at how blockchain can result in new forms of organisational design and how it changes decision-making. In the third study, I seek to answer how organisations can ensure that artificial intelligence performs as planned. The results are discussed and made tangible by exploring how the social, material and artificial are changing collaboration among those actors involved in organisations.

I adopt three methodologies. The first study is a meta-synthesis of 101 peer-reviewed papers. The second study is conceptual and in the third study, I use qualitative research methodologies to interview managers of organisations who developed conversational AI.

The significance of this research is twofold. First, my academic contribution lies in understanding how big data analytics affect strategic management theory in general, and dynamic capabilities literature in particular; how blockchain requires us to rethink organisation design theory, and how agency theory can help when dealing with artificial actors. Also, I argue for the addition of the artificial as an independent actant in organisation design theories. Second, my findings inform organisational practice in terms of how to design organisations using EIT in an increasingly data-driven world. The key thesis underlying this research is that emerging information technologies change how we organise activities within organisations.

Acronyms

AGI: Artificial General Intelligence

AI: Artificial Intelligence

ANT: Actor-Network Theory

CEV: Coherent Extrapolated Volition

DAO: Decentralised Autonomous Organisation

DApp: Decentralised Application

DARPA: Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

DNS: Domain Name Servers

DQM: Data Quality Management

EIT: emerging information technologies

ETH: Ethics

FAQ: Frequently asked questions

GE: General Electric

HMN: Human-Machine Network

ICB: Industry Classification Benchmark

IPFS: InterPlanetary File System

IoT: Internet of Things

IT: Information Technology

KPI: Key Performance Indicator

MDM: Master Data Management

MNE: Multinational Enterprise

NAI: Narrow Artificial Intelligence

NLP: Natural Language Processing

PBFT: Practical Byzantine Fault Tolerance

PKI: Public Key Infrastructure

PoS: Proof of Stake

PoW: Proof of Work

SAI: Super Artificial Intelligence

SHA: Secure Hash Algorithm

SME: Small and Medium Enterprise

SMS: Strategic Management Society

SSL: Secure Sockets Layer

USC: Utility Settlement Coin

UTS: University of Technology, Sydney

XAI: Explainable AI

Y2K: Year 2000